

Supporting NASA's Continuous Cost Risk Management (CCRM) Process with Active Risk Manager (ARM)

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Outline

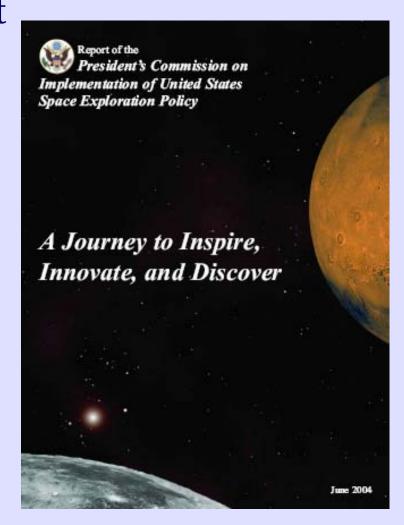


- Continuous Cost Risk Management
- How Does ARM Support CCRM
- The Future

2004 Aldridge Commission Recommendations On NASA Cost Estimating

ARM
Active Risk Manager

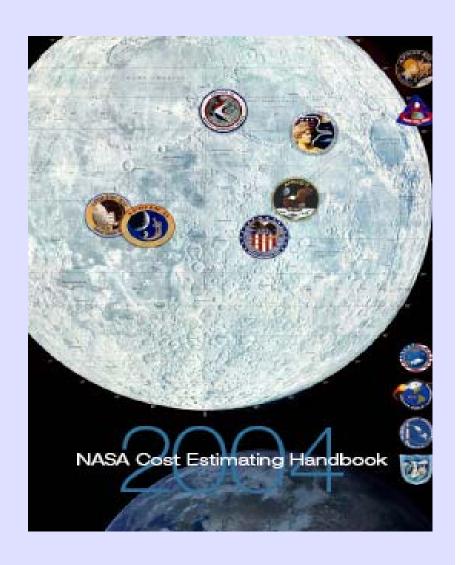
- Recommended an independent cost analysis organization similar to DoD CAIGs (Cost Analysis Improvement Group)
 - An independent cost estimating organization
 - ◆ Maintains corporate data base of historical project cost information
 - ◆ Generally uses parametric cost estimating procedures
 - ◆ Recommends final cost position to approving bodies



NASA Cost Estimating Handbook Active Risk Manager



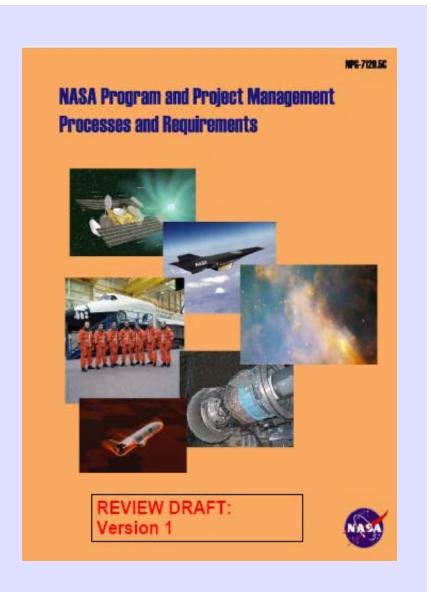
- Documents improved initiatives for Agency cost estimating (www.ceh.nasa.gov)
- Tied closely to NPR 7120.5C
- Initiatives include:
 - Use of Continuous Cost Risk Management (CCRM) to improve coordination across cost communities of practice
 - ◆ Use of cost risk analysis to quantify uncertainty
 - ◆ Improved cost data collection using a Cost Analysis Data Requirement (CADRe)



NASA Program & Project Management Processes & Requirements: NPR 7120.5C



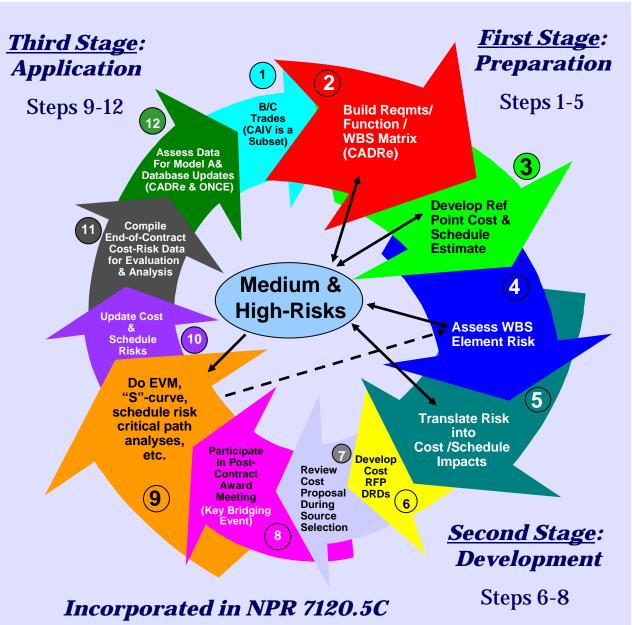
- Covers all aspects of program and project management at NASA, including...."Cost, Risk and Performance Management Integration"
- Context is the Cost-Risk Feedback Continuum³
 - ◆ Discipline architecture designed for maximizing the quality of cost management information that:
 - Is a "system of cost systems"
 - Removes the "stove piped" nature of cost disciplines
 - Links cost disciplines together by common risk management threads
 - ◆ Manifests the interconnectedness of cost and schedule disciplines in setting up, getting, and using cost and schedule risk feedback for successful project and risk management



Continuous Cost-Risk Management



- Three-Staged Cost management architecture providing:
 - Early ID & cost impacts of medium & high risk WBS elements in cost estimate
 - ◆ Communication of WBS element risk to project managers for focused cost management
 - Post cost estimate tracking of identified WBS element risk <u>using EVM system</u>
 - Update, collection and archiving of technical, cost and cost-risk data for cost model improvement



Three Main Stages CCRM



- Preparing for cost-risk feedback
- Developing cost-risk feedback
- Applying cost-risk feedback

Cost management

IS the management of cost - risk ... characterized by continuous feedback on cost-risk

First CCRM Stage



- *Preparing* for cost risk feedback: Project teams perform three main activities:
 - Cost/performance trades (e.g., Cost as an Independent Variable (CAIV))
 - Develop a definition of the program (e.g., part of the Cost Analysis Data Requirements (CADRe))
 - Produce a range of possible costs
- Cost/performance trades are the first opportunity to identify potential cost impacts due to risk
- Participants are cost estimators, project engineers and project managers
- Starting point for cost-risk management
- Challenge in managing to the cost level chosen, no matter what cost-risk margin has been included

Second CCRM Stage



- Developing the feedback to manage cost-risks
 - ◆ Contractors must be informed about the potential cost-risk impacts identified by the NASA cost teams for their attention, monitoring, management, and reporting
 - ◆ Contractors must be informed in the Request for Proposal (RFP) Data Requests (DR) to produce multiple products that reflect the status and trends of these potential costrisks
 - required to produce a Life Cycle Cost Estimate (LCCE)
 - identify the "S"-curve products of these requirements for of variance changes in cost-risk distribution over time
 - required to monitor, manage, and report monthly on the top medium and high-risk WBS elements
 - require monthly Estimates at Completion (EAC) reports on all medium and high-risk WBS elements
 - required electronic access to this data

Third CCRM Stage



- Applying cost-risk feedback for managing costs
- Focus on medium and high-risk WBS elements
- Action on:
 - **◆** If cost and schedule performance analysis indicates problems
 - ◆ EVM performance analysis, focused on risk impacts to cost and schedule, will enable development of monthly EACs providing the project manager crucial feedback on the potential cost effects of the risks
 - ◆ This information provides the project manager with focused insight into the cost-risk in order to better manage his/her costs
 - ◆ The end of the effort a volume of high-quality cost, risk, and cost-risk information is collected for follow-on contractor performance analysis, cost-risk methodology calibration and updating cost models in order to better cost estimate future projects



How Does ARM Play A Part?

What is Active Risk Manager (ARM) Active Risk Manager



COMMUNICATE

 ARM is a Web-Based Enterprise-Wide Risk Management system

Provides the right information to the right

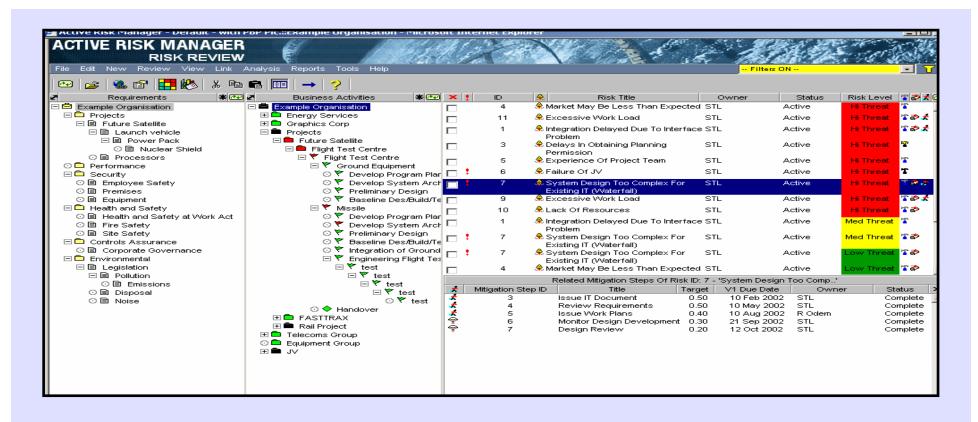
people at the right time

 Identify, assess, manage, and communicate risks

 ARM is a Living System that processes information in the form of feedback to initiate and sustain progress

ARM – Main Risk Review Area

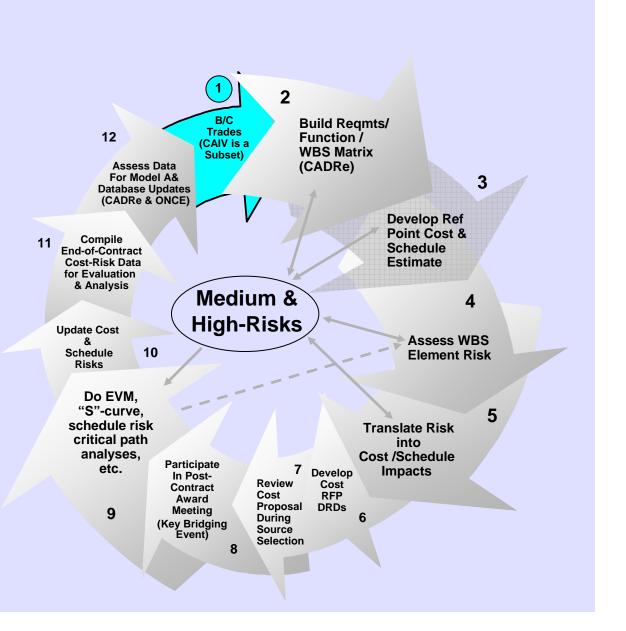




- Supports projects, programs and enterprise level risk management
- Scalable from 2-3 to thousands of users (16,000 Boeing)
- It's integrated with leading tools

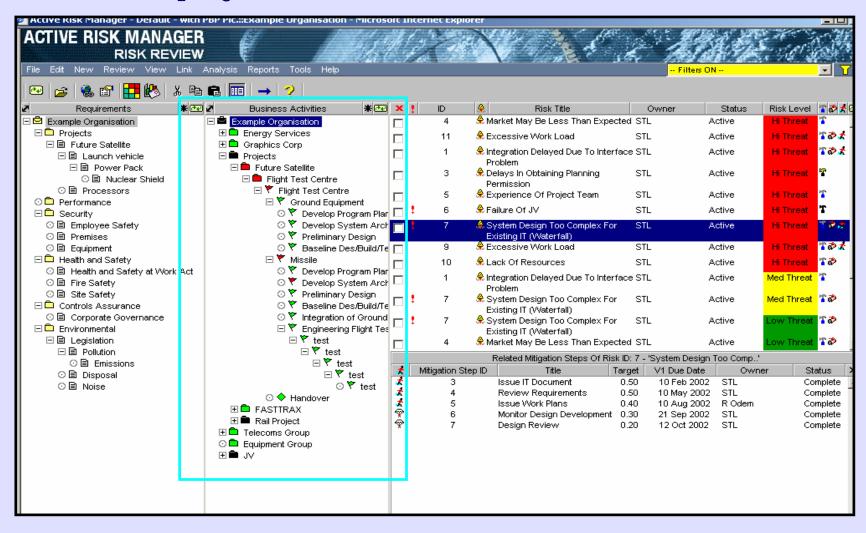


 Establish the baseline and mechanisms required to manage and control project costs and risks



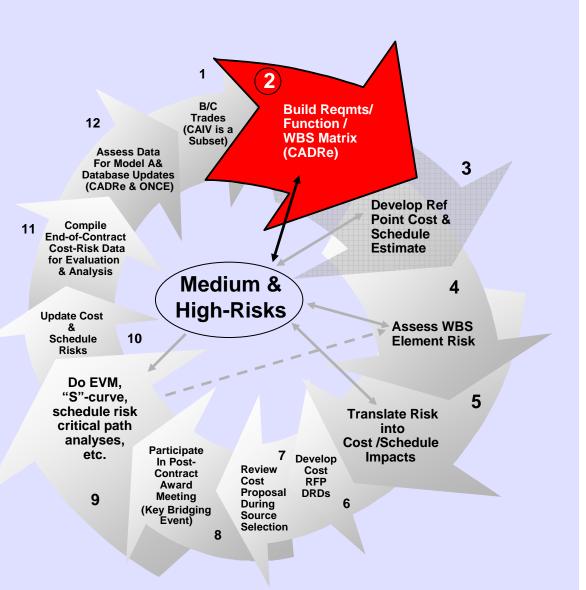


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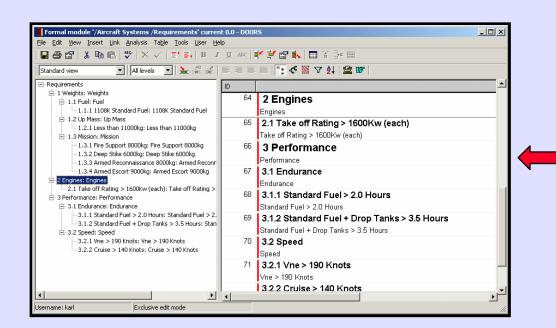


 Build requirements / function / WBS Matrix



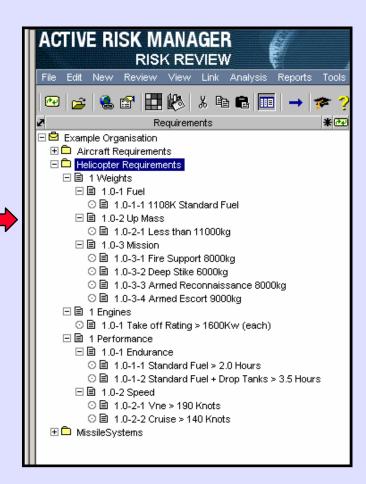


Linking Requirements to Risk Management



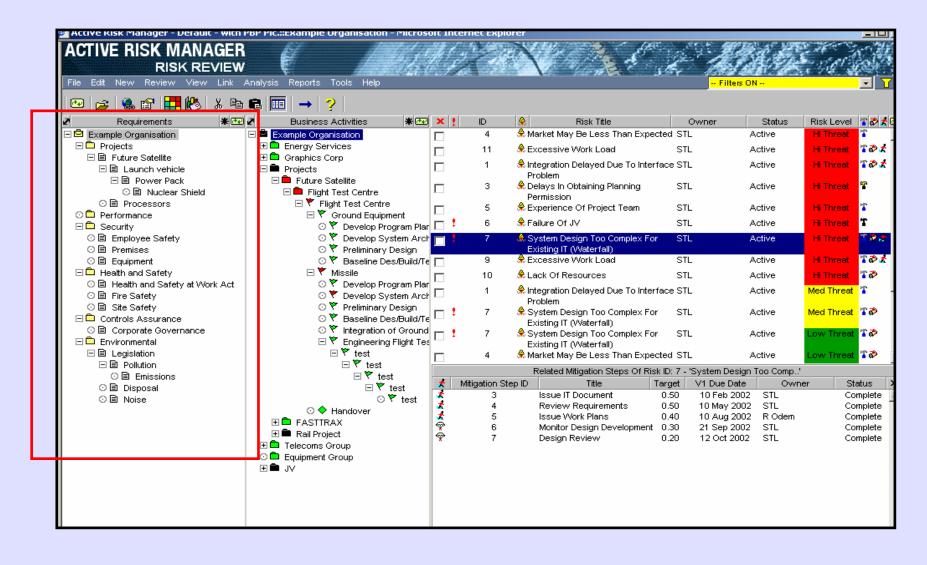






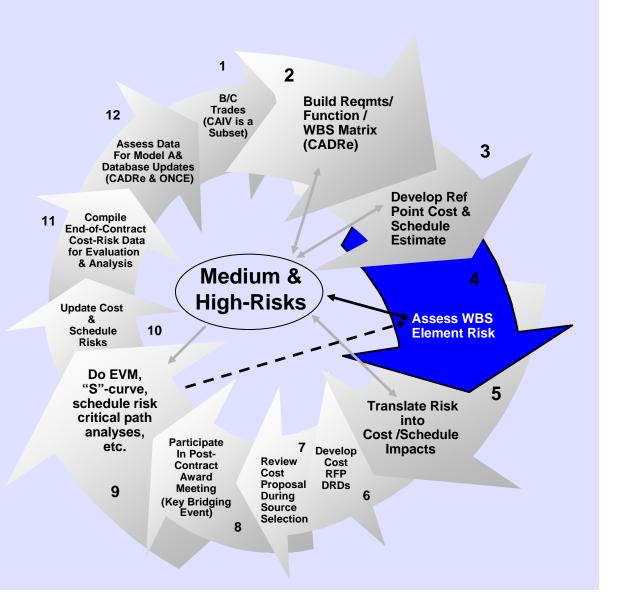


Import Requirements



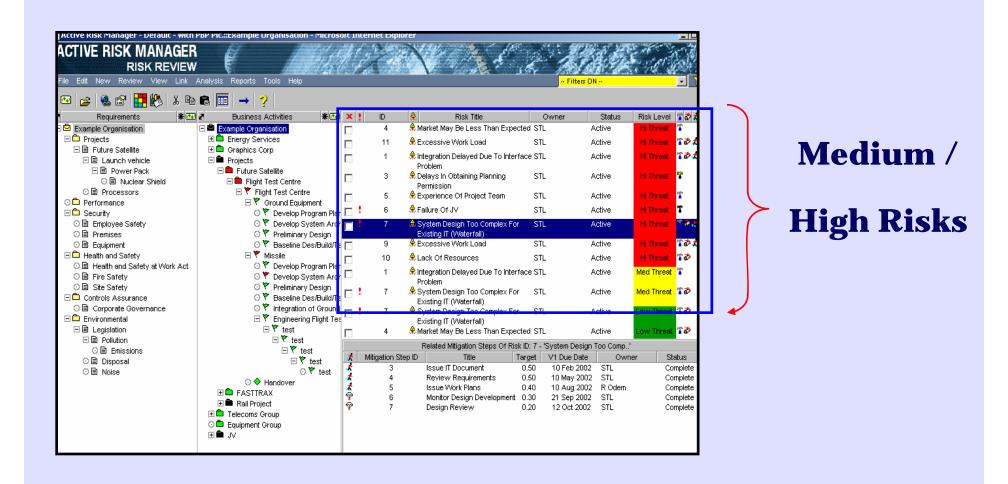


Assess WBS element risk



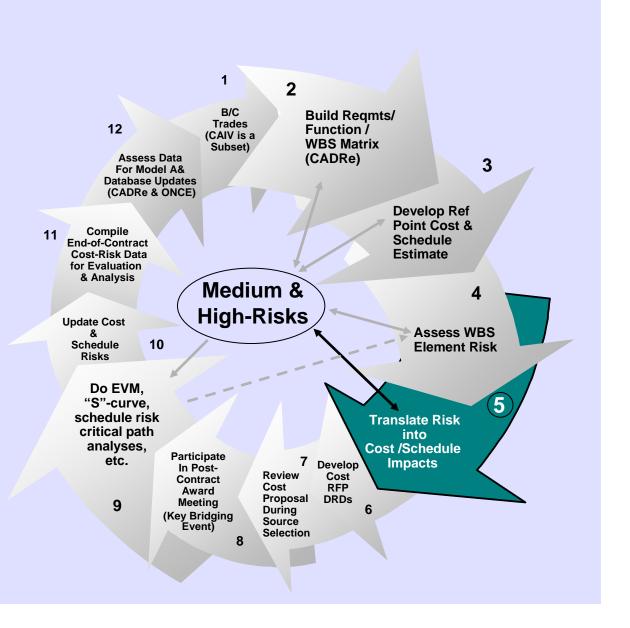


Assess WBS element risk





 Translate risk into cost / schedule impacts

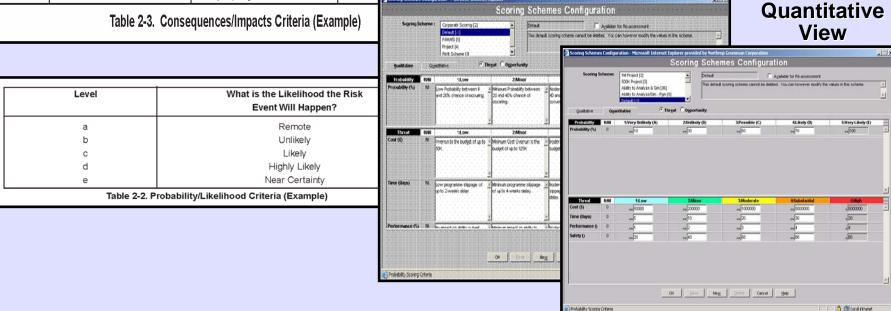




Level	Given the Risk Is Realized, What Is the Magnitude of the Impact?		
	Performance	Schedule	Cost
а	Minimal or no impact	Minimal or no impact	Minimal or no impact
b	Acceptable with some reduction in margin	Additional resources required; able to meet need dates	<5%
С	Acceptable with significant reduction in margin	Minor slip in key milestones; not able to meet need date	5-7%
d	Acceptable; no remaining margin	Major slip in key milestone or critical path impacted	7-10%
е	Unacceptable	Can't achieve key team or major program milestone	>10%

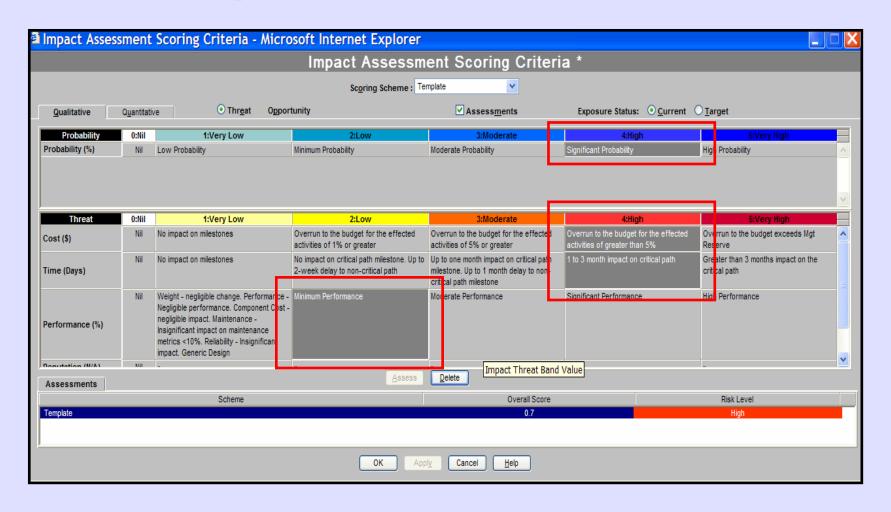
- ARM Scoring Scheme is a named set of "rules" for carrying out risk scoring:
 - mapping specific probability and impact values
 - consists of a set of score band definitions for Probability, Cost, Time /additional impact categories

Qualitative View



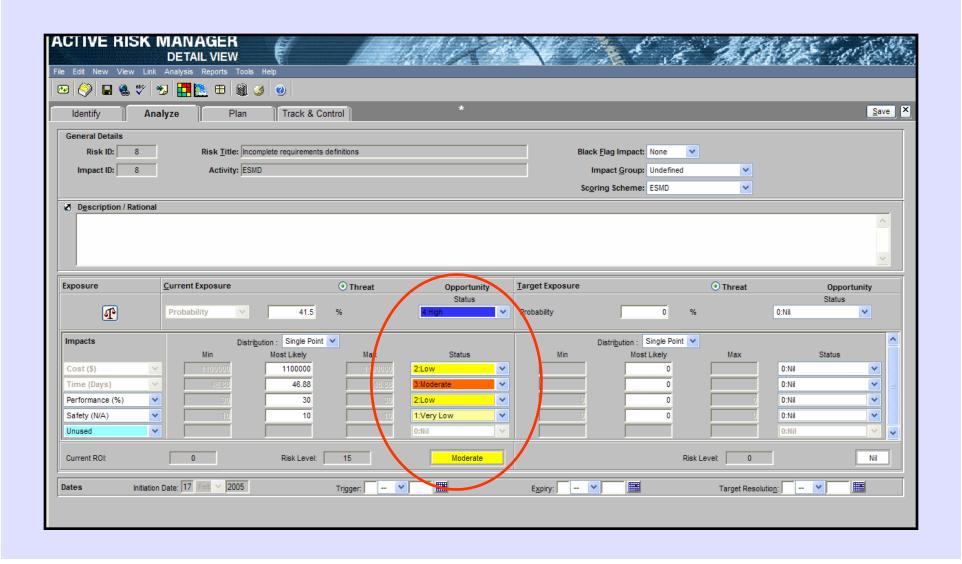


- Translate risk into cost / schedule impacts
- Select the probability and the applicable impact category, i.e., cost, schedule, performance, etc.



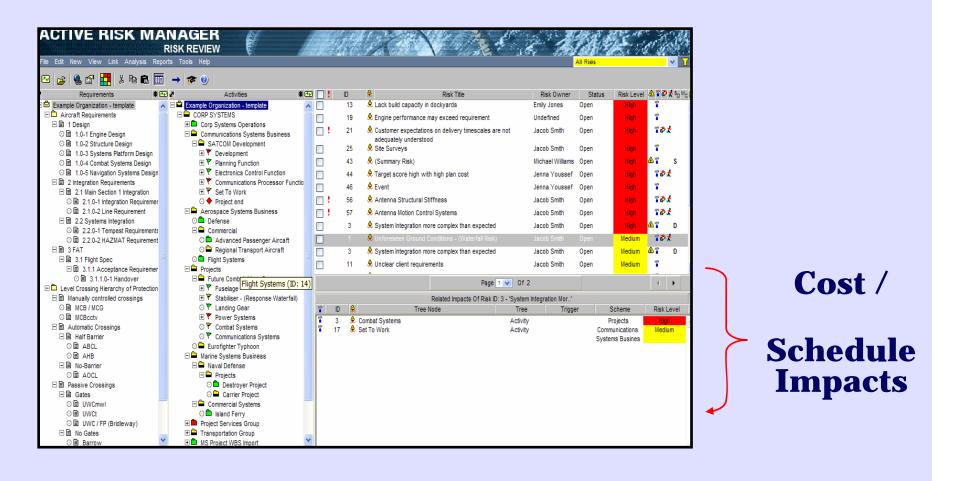


Current cost / schedule impact assessment





- Translate risk into cost / schedule impacts
- Helps the Cost Estimator's Cost-Risk Quantification Approach

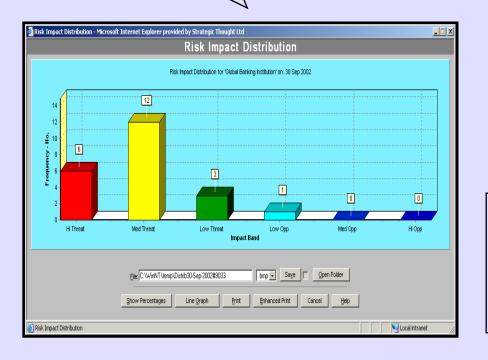


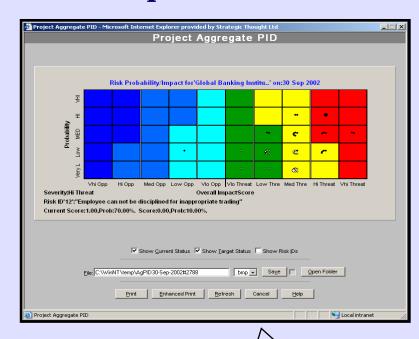


Translate risk into cost / schedule impacts

RISK IMPACT DISTRIBUTION

How many risks do we have, what is their severity?





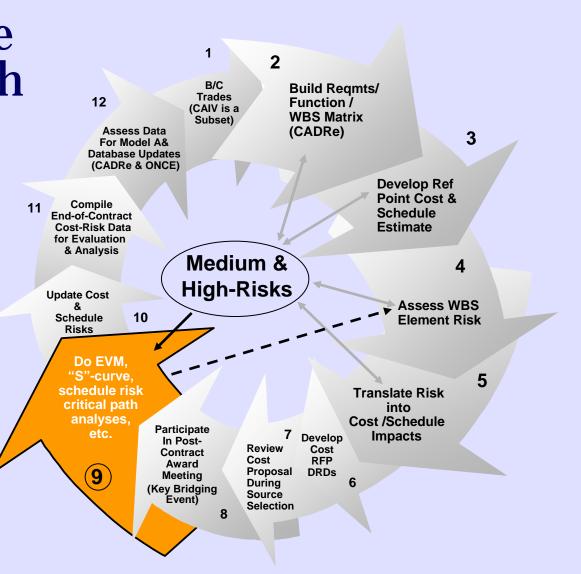
PROBABILITY IMPACT DIAGRAMS

What is our aggregate view and how are we doing in our mitigation efforts?



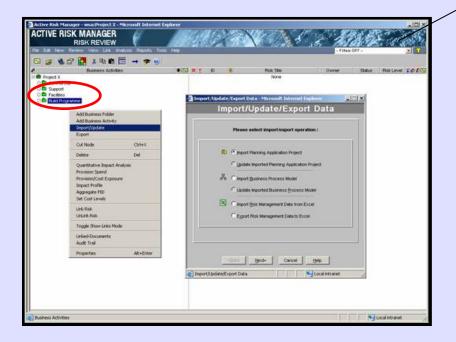
Do EVM, 'S' –
 Curve, schedule
 risk critical path
 analyses

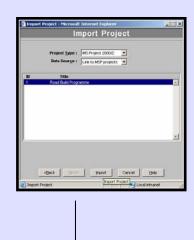
 Manage the project using cost-risk feedback data

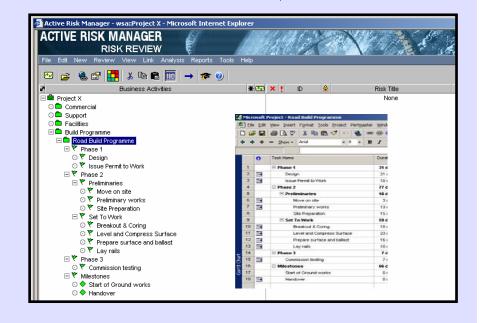




- Select the WBS for the plan to be imported in ARM
- Import schedule into ARM
- Use the import option

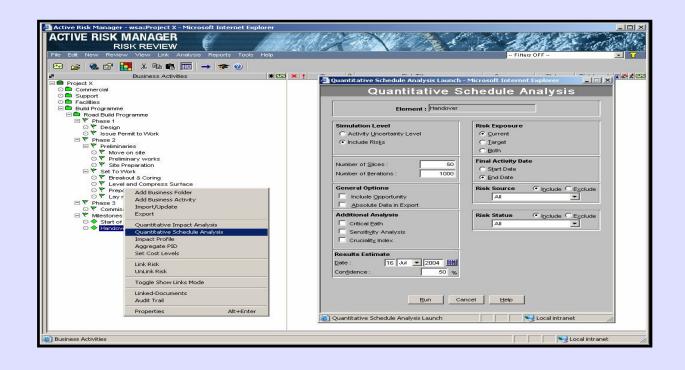






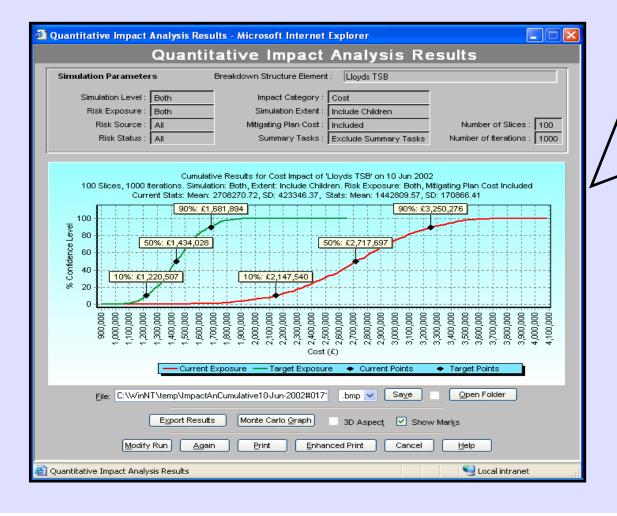


- Do 'S' Curve, schedule risk critical path analyses
- Run an analysis on imported plan
- Select the target milestone / activity, select
 'Quantitative Schedule Analysis' from the menu





• S-Curve (Monte Carlo) provides an assessment of final costs ...



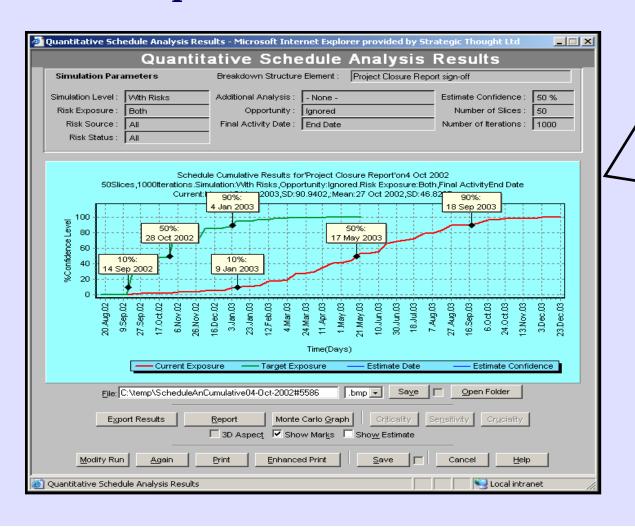
QUANTITATIVE IMPACT ANALYSIS

(S-Curve)

What are the chances of completing the project to budget with current and target risk levels?



• S-Curve (Monte Carlo) provides an assessment of completion timescales ...



QUANTITATIVE SCHEDULE ANALYSIS

(S-Curve)

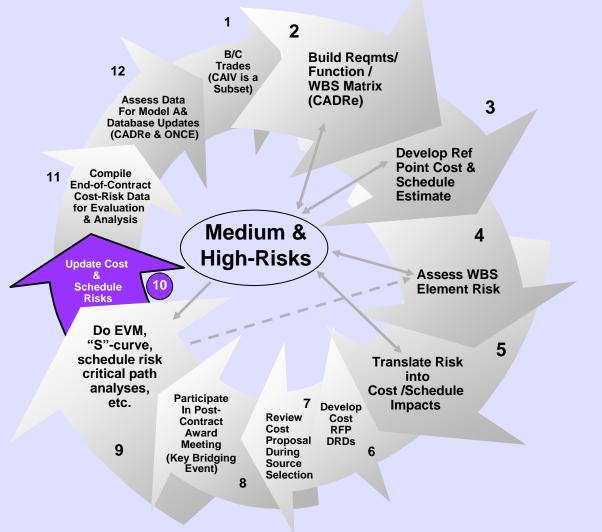
When are we likely to complete the project and how does this fit with the project plan?



- Use the Analysis as a management tool
 - ◆ Realistic schedules
 - Understanding of effectiveness of mitigation actions
- Using contingency/provision reserves proactively
- Fund Management Actions
- Develop Opportunity realization
 - ◆ Calculate return on investment
 - ◆ Predict revenue requirements



 Update cost and schedule risks



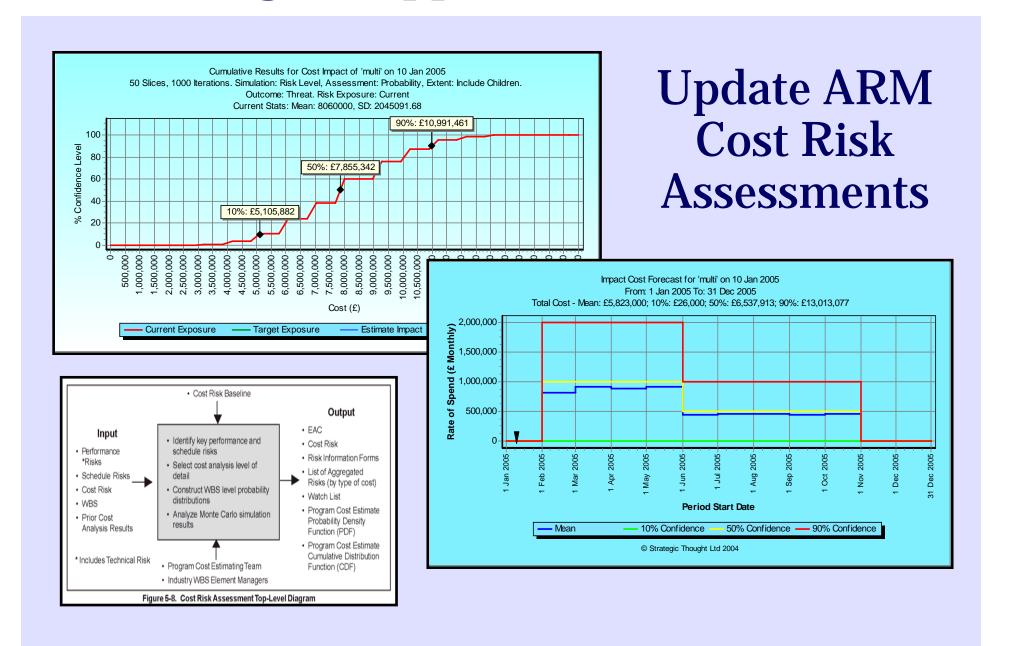


Determine cost risk reduction

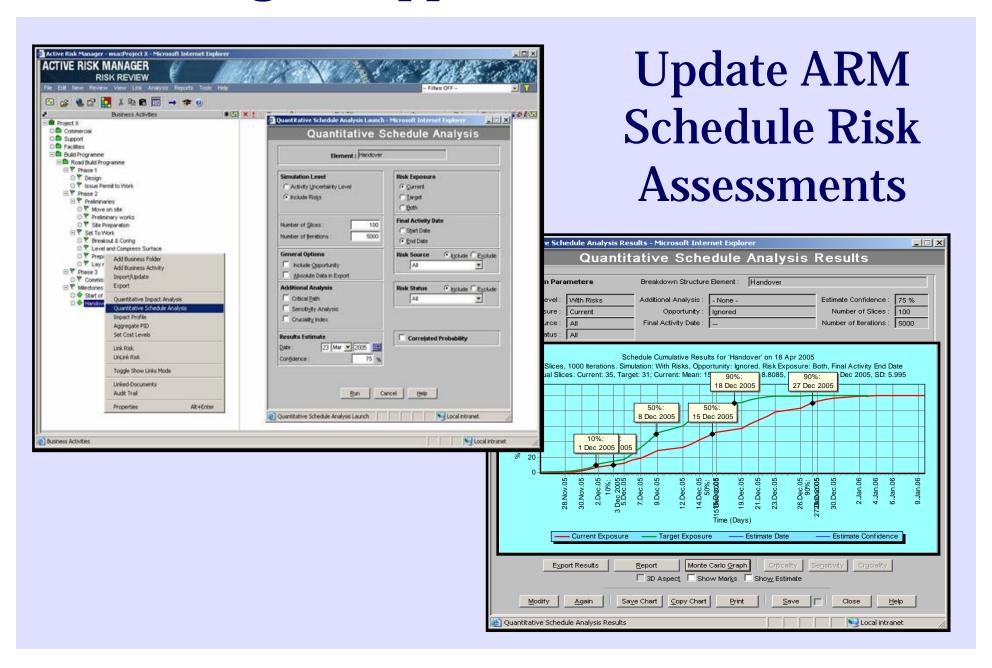


- Need to understand the spread of risk
 - **♦** Retirement/Expiry dates
 - **◆** Mitigation Data



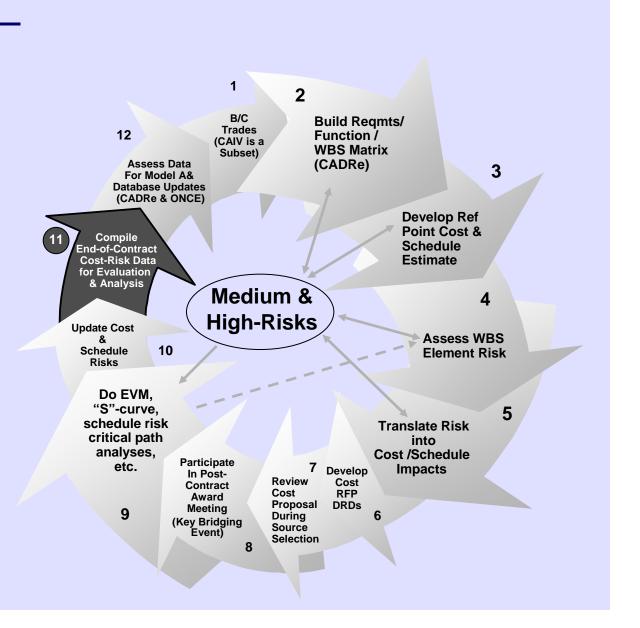






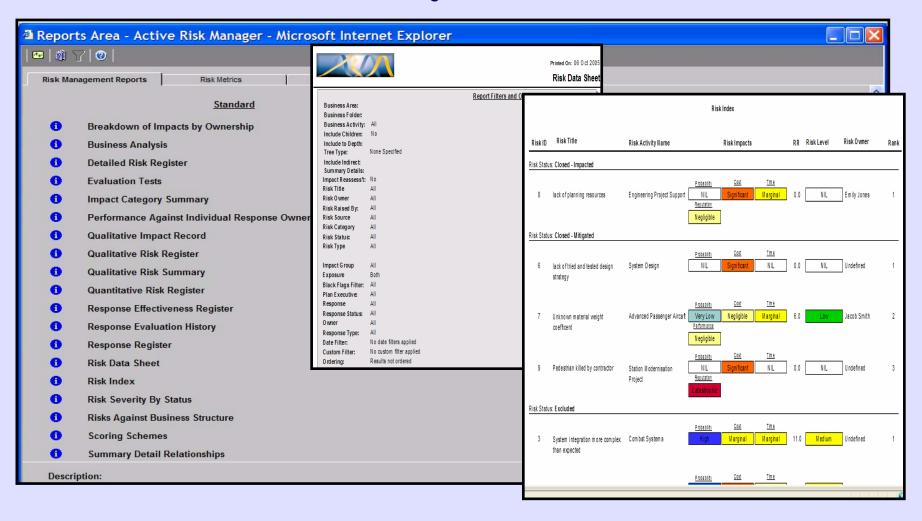


Compile End –
 of - Contract
 Cost / Risk
 Data for
 Evaluation &
 Analysis



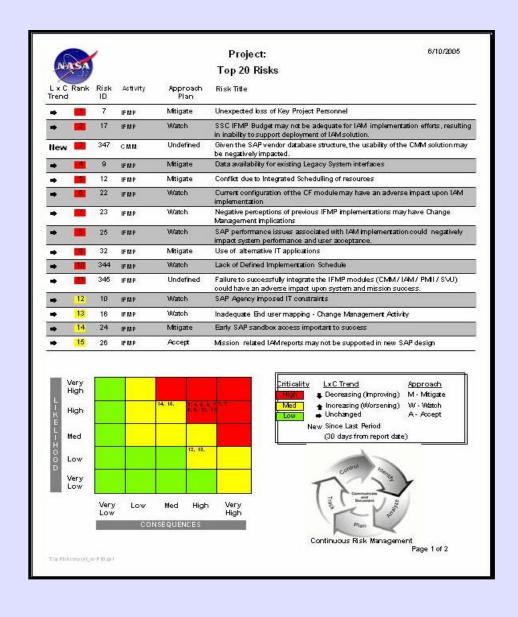


 Compile End – of - Contract Cost / Risk Data for Evaluation & Analysis



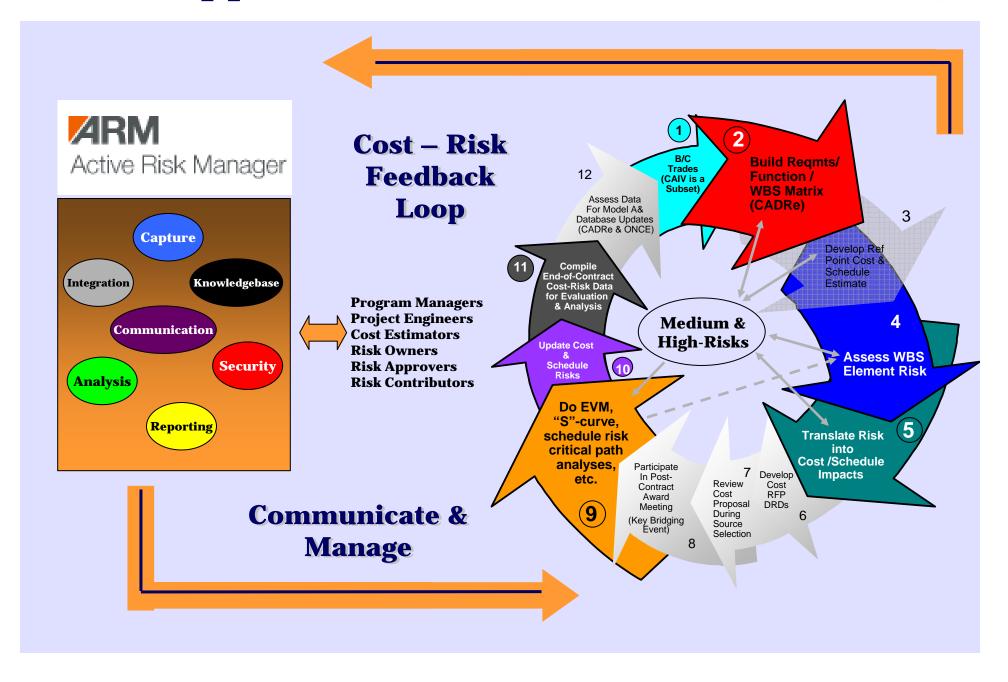


 Easily display risk list
 prioritization in the form of a 'Top Ten' risk list



ARM supports the CCRM Process ARM Active Risk Manager



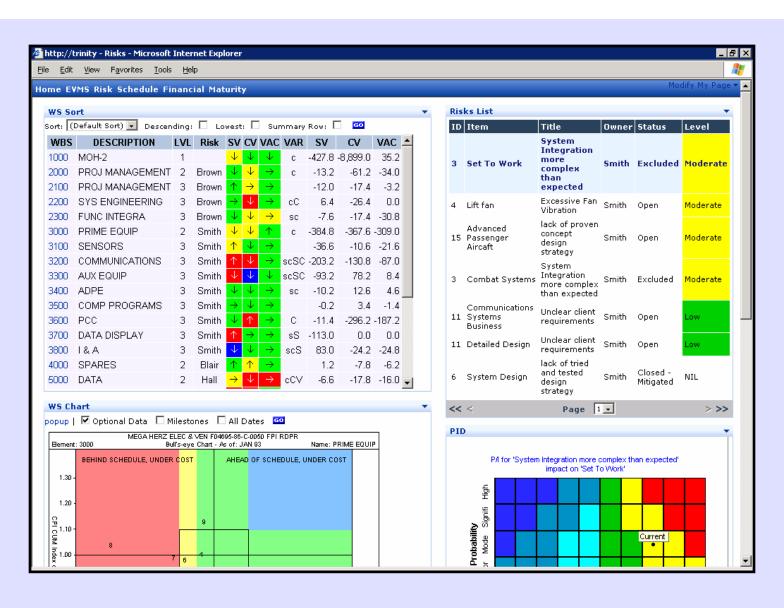




The Future

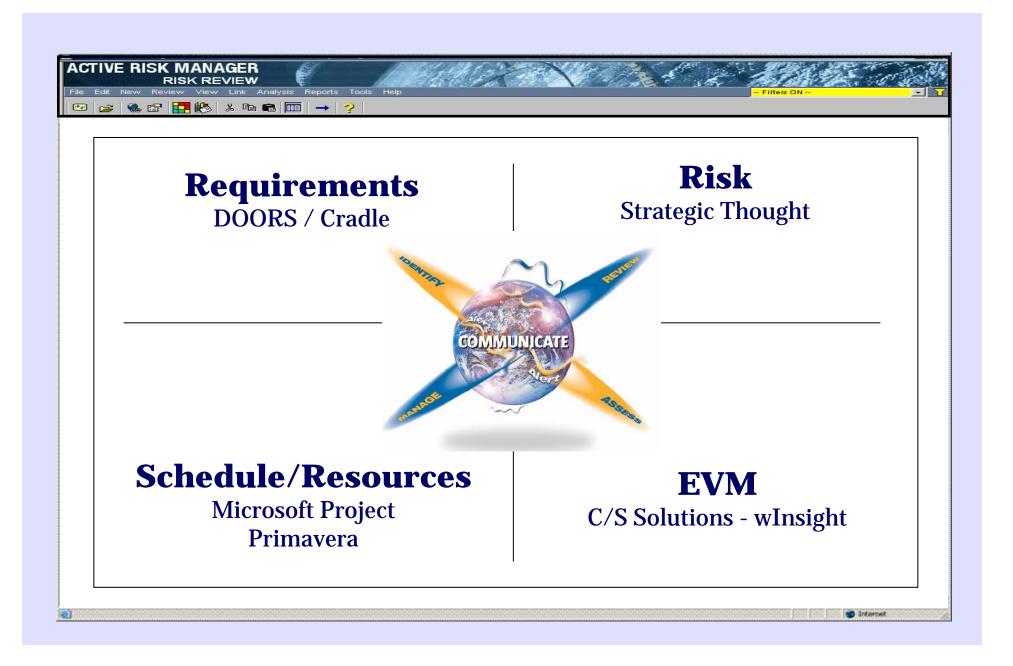
ARM and EVMS





Continuous feedback on cost-risk ARM Active Risk Manager







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